

FORTRON® 1140L0

Polyphenylene sulfide

Fortron 1140L0 is a 40% glass-reinforced extrusion grade. It exhibits excellent heat and chemical resistance, good electrical properties and is inherently flame-retardant. The high hardness and rigidity at elevated temperatures allows for good load bearing performance. This product has good weldability due to the modest filler level. 1140L0 is used to produce rods and slabs.

Product information

Resin Identification	PPS-GF40	ISO 1043
Part Marking Code	>PPS-GF40<	ISO 11469

Typical mechanical properties

Tensile stress at break, 5mm/min	185 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min	1.8 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural modulus	14000 MPa	ISO 178
Flexural strength	280 MPa	ISO 178
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	10 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	10 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	280 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min	90 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3

Flammability

Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	V-0 class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	1.5 mm	IEC 60695-11-10
Burning Behav. at thickness h	V-0 class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	0.38 mm	IEC 60695-11-10

Physical/Other properties

Water absorption, 2mm	0.02 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1650 kg/m ³	ISO 1183

Injection

Drying Recommended	yes
Drying Temperature	100 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 4 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.02 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	330 °C
Min. melt temperature	310 °C
Max. melt temperature	340 °C
Screw tangential speed	0.2 - 0.3 m/s
Mold Temperature Optimum	150 °C
Min. mould temperature	140 °C
Max. mould temperature	160 °C
Hold pressure range	30 - 70 MPa
Back pressure	3 MPa

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Characteristics

Processing	Injection Moulding, Extrusion, Other Extrusion
Delivery form	Pellets
Additives	Release agent
Special characteristics	Flame retardant, Heat stabilised or stable to heat, Chemical resistant

Additional information

Processing Notes

Pre-Drying

FORTRON should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be $\leq -30^{\circ}\text{C}$. The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.

Storage

For subsequent storage the material should be stored dry in the dryer until processed ($\leq 60\text{ h}$).

Processing Notes

The higher drying conditions result in higher melt viscosity.